

Owners &
Installation

Manual



Designer 150

PLEASE KEEP THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR
FUTURE REFERENCE

WARNING:

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. Refer to this manual. For assistance or additional information consult an authorised installer.

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IMPORTANT

Please read this manual before installing and operating the Chazelles Fireplace. Failure to follow these instructions may lead to a possible fire hazard and will void the warranty. Fireplace is to be installed by a qualified licensed installer.

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Thank you for purchasing a CHAZELLES FIREPLACE PRODUCT

The Chazelles Wood Burning Central Heating Fireplace is designed to heat your house through Radiant, Convection Heat as well as the Hot Air Kit System if purchased. The fireplace is designed to burn hardwood only. The appliance requires a flue and must be installed into a non combustible cavity by a Qualified Licensed Installer.

SAFETY NOTE

If this wood fireplace is not properly installed, a house fire may result. For your safety, follow the installation instructions, building codes, or authority having jurisdiction about restrictions and installation requirements.

DO NOT BURN (WILL VOID WARRANTY):

- Treated Wood
- Tea Tree
- Oil Based Woods
- Coal
- Unseasoned Wood
- Cardboard
- Solvents
- Coloured Paper
- Garbage



GENERAL INFORMATION

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



This appliance is designed and approved for the burning of **hardwood only**. Do not attempt to burn any other type of fuel other than hardwood in this appliance, it will void all warranties and safety listings.



Gasoline or other flammable liquids must never be used to start the fire or "Freshen Up" the fire. Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable liquids in the vicinity of this appliance.



Do not touch the appliance while it is hot and educate all children of the danger of a high temperature appliance. Young children should be supervised when they are in the same room as the appliance at all times.



Ashes must be disposed in a metal container with a tight lid and placed on a non-combustible surface well away from the home or structure.



This appliance must be properly installed to prevent the possibility of a house fire. The instructions must be strictly adhered to. Do not use makeshift methods or compromise in the installation.



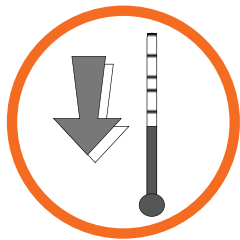
Keep items of furniture, drapes, curtains, wood, paper and other combustibles away from the front of the appliance at a minimum distance of 1.5 metres.



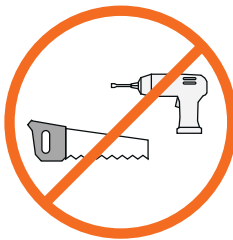
Never try to repair or replace any part of this appliance unless instructions are given in this manual. All other work must be done by a trained technician.



Overfiring the appliance may cause a house fire and damage the fireplace.



Allow the appliance to cool before carrying out any maintenance or cleaning.



Do not make any changes or make any modifications to an existing masonry fireplace or chimney to install this appliance. Do not make any changes to the appliance to increase combustion air.



Maintain the door and glass seal and keep them in good condition. Do not operate this heater with broken or missing glass. Avoid placing wood against the glass when loading. Do not slam the door or strike the glass.

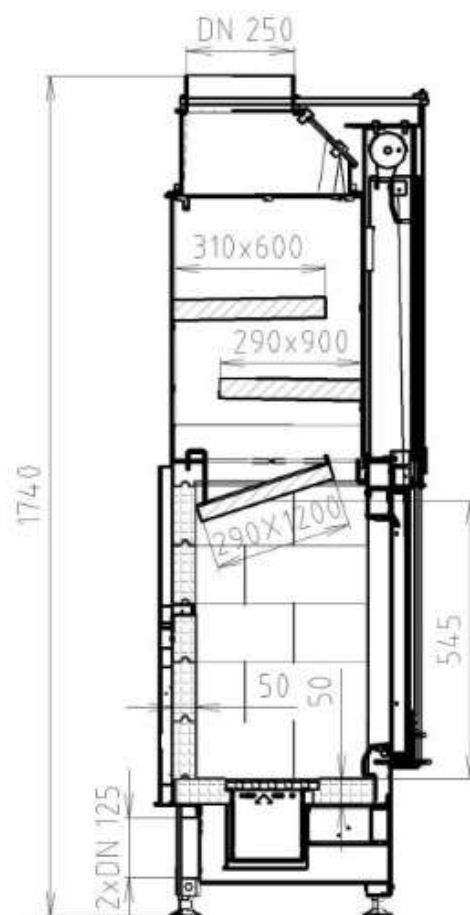
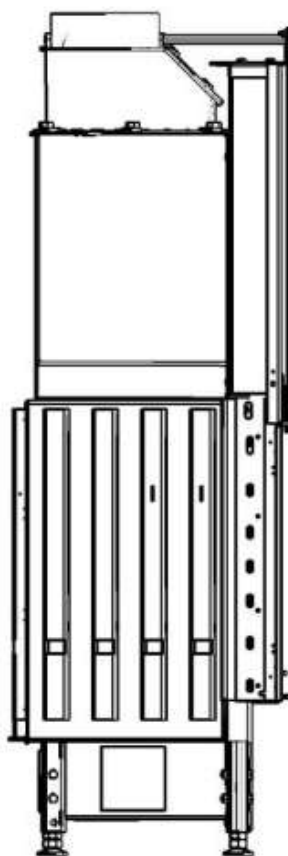
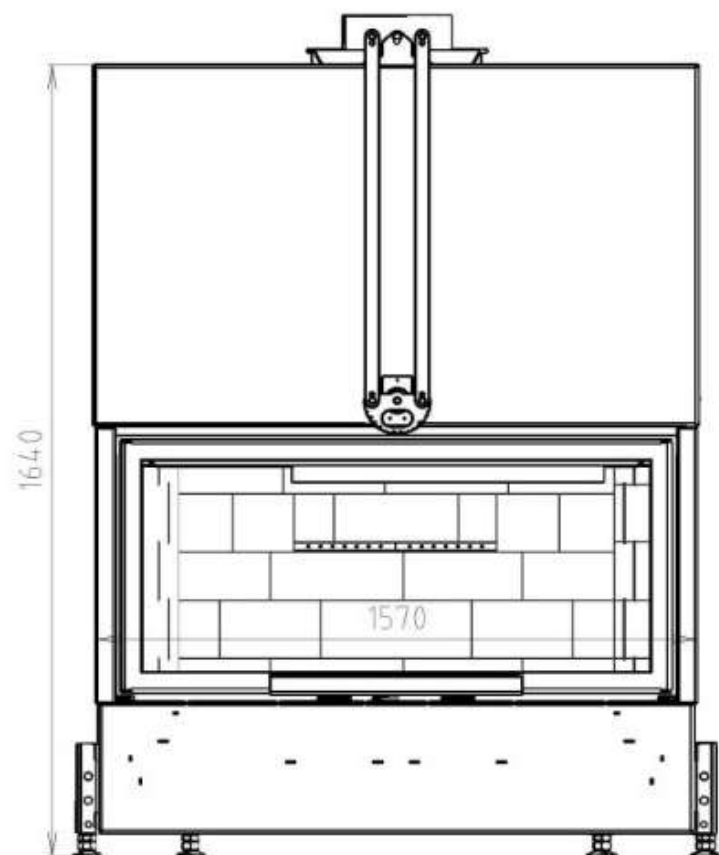
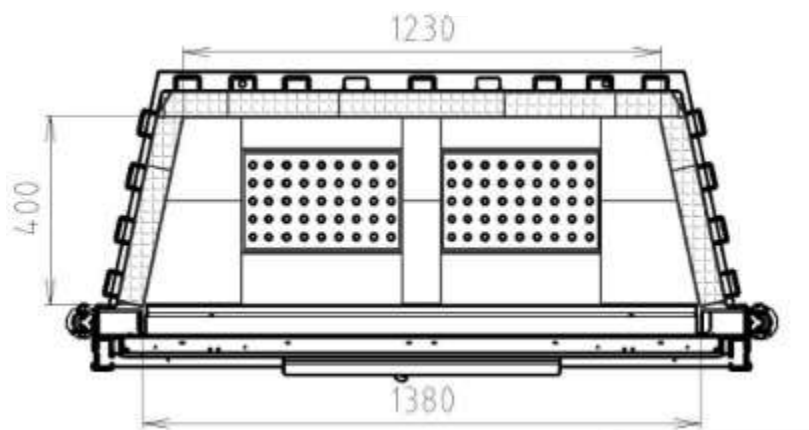
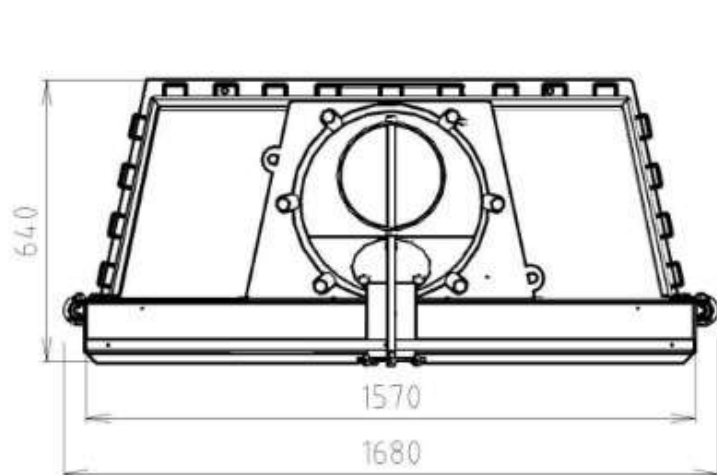


Do not throw this manual away. It has important operating and maintenance instructions that you will need at a later time. Always follow the instructions listed in this manual.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SPECIFICATIONS: DESIGNER 150

		Designer 150
Code:	K150FIREBOX	
Material:	Double Skin Steel & Firebrick	
Weight:	625 kg	



FIREPLACE and FLUE SYSTEM INSTALLATION

TO BE INSTALLED BY A QUALIFIED AND LICENSED INSTALLER

Chazelles Fireplaces are constructed with the highest quality materials and assembled under strict quality control procedures that ensure years of trouble free and reliable performance.

It is important that you read this manual thoroughly and fully understand the safe installation and operating procedures. The more you understand the way your Chazelles Fireplace operates, the more enjoyment you will experience from knowing that your unit is operating at peak performance.

Heating capacity will vary depending on the home's floor plan, degree of insulation, and the outside temperature. It is also affected by the quality and moisture level of the fuel.

BEFORE INSTALLING YOUR FIREPLACE

Please read this entire manual before you install and use your new wood fireplace. Failure to follow instructions may result in property damage, bodily injury or even death. Install and use only in accordance with manufacturer's installation and operating instructions.

WARNING: Careless installation is the major cause of safety hazard. Check all local building and safety codes before installation of unit.

IMPORTANT NOTES

It is the installers responsibility to carefully check the vertical and/or lateral operation of the door several times before enclosing the firebox. Door alignment/level must also be carefully checked as the counterweight mechanism may require realignment due to careless transport.

The Chazelles fireplace must be installed by a qualified person. The fireplace must be installed into a fully non combustibile fireplace construction on all surfaces surrounding the fireplace from floor to ceiling, eg top, bottom, sides, and back. Materials to be used can be double brick or 150mm Hebel power panels.

DO NOT USE TIMBER FRAMING, USE METAL FRAMING WHEN NECESSARY.

The flooring must have adequate weight-bearing capacity. It must be level and incombustible. Fireplace must sit level on a solid concrete hearth. Timber floors may require additional reinforcement.

The fireplace is not designed to support any structure or framing.

Allow a minimum 3 to 5mm clearance between the firebox and the finished fireplace opening to allow for expansion.

Thermal insulation (fire rock rockwool) shall be heat resistant with aluminium foil adhered to one face. Minimum thermal resistance of 0.7m².k/w at 50 degrees Celsius (or of 0.4m².k/w at 200 degrees Celsius) classed as A1 or at least M0 or A2-s1. (Equivalent to 30mm of fibrous insulator of a density less than 100 kg/m³ with aluminium foil or self supporting high temperature structural insulators made of calcium silicate) Aluminium foil should always be on heat side. Fire rock Rockwool will cover back, front & sides of the fireplace structure from base to ceiling. Thermal insulation is absolutely essential in the case of light structure. However, in all cases the insulation is recommended in order to avoid heat loss.



FIREPLACE and FLUE SYSTEM INSTALLATION

STANDARD INSTALLATION - Please read instructions before assembly

- 1 Do not remove shipping screws and make sure door is in upmost position while moving /transporting fireplace.
- 2 Adjust the height of the fireplace feet according to your installation needs. There are 3 positions to choose from, and the feet pads are also adjustable to help level the fireplace. They must be at a minimum height of 70mm from the floor. Never install the fireplace directly on the floor.
- 3 Position the fireplace on the hearth in the position you desire. Remove the shipping screws
- 4 Install firebricks (refer to Step 2)
- 5 Install the steel deflectors (refer to Step 3)
- 6 **Inspect, check and operate door and air damper control before installation**
- 7 Confirm all fireplace clearances are as specified by the manufacturer.
- 8 Install flue system. The performance of your wood fireplace is governed to a very large part by the flue system. Do not connect flue to another flue serving another appliance.

Mantle Installation - Optional

The mantle must be made of non-combustible materials placed at a minimum distance of 100mm above the top of the viewable glass.

THE APPLIANCE AND FLUE-SYSTEM SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS/NZS 2918:2026 AND THE APPROPRIATE REQUIREMENTS OF THE RELEVANT BUILDING CODE OR CODES. APPLIANCES INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS STANDARD SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF AS/NZS 4013 WHERE REQUIRED BY THE REGULATORY AUTHORITY. ANY MODIFICATION OF THE APPLIANCE THAT HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE TESTING AUTHORITY IS CONSIDERED TO BE IN BREACH OF THE APPROVAL GRANTED FOR COMPLIANCE WITH AS/NZS 4013.

CAUTION: MIXING OF APPLIANCE OR FLUE-SYSTEM COMPONENTS FROM DIFFERENT SOURCES OR MODIFYING THE DIMENSIONAL SPECIFICATION OF COMPONENTS MAY RESULT IN HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS. WHERE SUCH ACTION IS CONSIDERED, THE MANUFACTURER SHOULD BE CONSULTED IN THE FIRST INSTANCE.

DEFLECTOR INSTALLATION

The deflector shall be Firerock Rockwool rigid bats or metal sheet 20 gauge minimum with Firerock Rockwool 30mm on top or Hebel power panels 75mm with Firerock Rockwool on top or Compress Fibro minimum 20mm with Firerock Rockwool secured underneath.

IMPORTANT: Seal around the perimeter of the deflector & around the S/Steel flue with fireproof silicone or casting plaster and hemp. Repeat the same around the perimeter of the ø 150 flex aluminium duct connected to the Hot Air Ducting System Fan. This will prevent the loss of convective heat through the deflector.

WARNING: It is the installers responsibility to check that the door is working correctly several times before enclosing the fireplace. Shipping screws to be removed only when the fireplace has been situated and levelled in desired location.

FIREPLACE and FLUE SYSTEM INSTALLATION

NOTICE - DESIGNER 150 - *For Qualified and Licensed Installers Only*

1. ADJUST THE LEGS TO THE DESIRED HEIGHT



Rotate the legs to raise / lower for installation. There is a minimum required height of 70mm from the floor. Please use a level to ensure the fireplace is not on an angle after all leg heights have been adjusted.

2. UNLOCK THE DOOR MECHANISM

Rotate lever 90 Degrees so that it no longer extrudes out of the firebox.

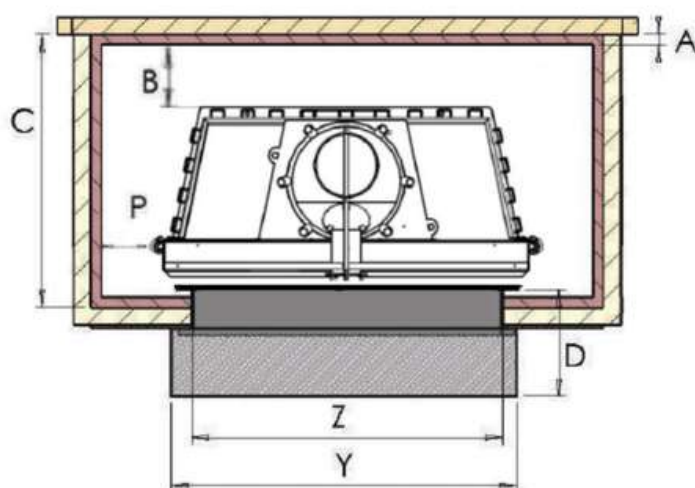
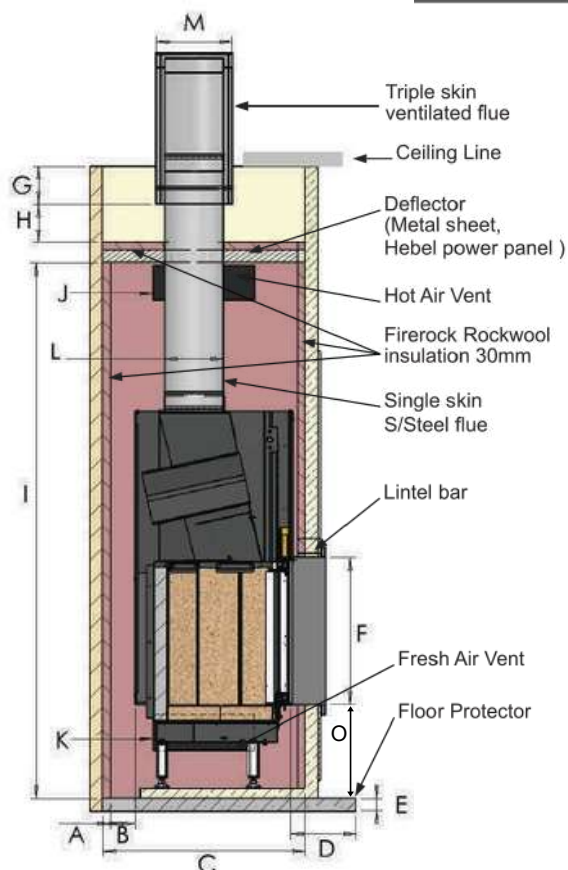
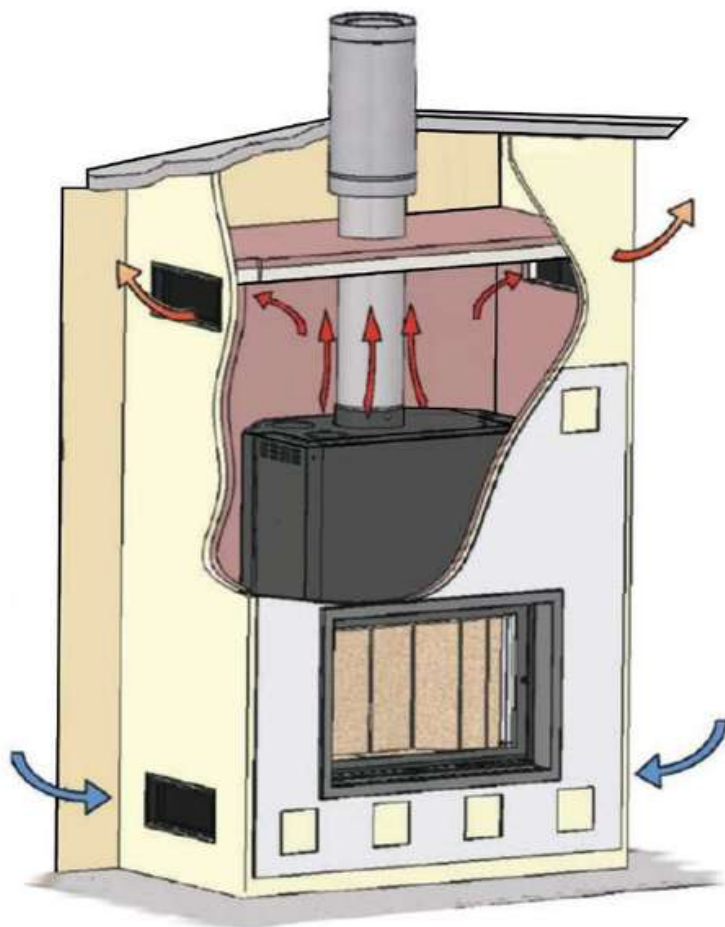
This will allow the glass to travel vertically.



FIREPLACE and FLUE SYSTEM INSTALLATION

TYPICAL IN-BUILT MASONRY INSTALLATION

- Fireplace heights depend on the adjustable leg heights
- Installation requires a double brick or 150mm Hebel block structure. This is mandatory.



	Designer 150
A	30
B*	50
C*	725
D*	1000
E*	150
F*	570
G*	150
H*	150
I*	1800
J*	2x 500cm ²
K*	2x 500cm ²
L	250 or 10"
M	350 or 14"
O	325 - 485
P*	70
Y*	1680
Z*	1570

* Minimum sizes

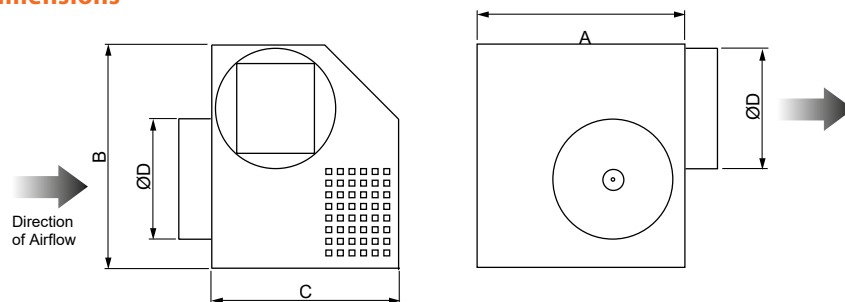
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TO BE INSTALLED BY A QUALIFIED LICENSED INSTALLER

Optional Fireplace Ventilator

KV

Dimensions



Install in these positions only

Characteristics

- Fireplace fan for extracting hot air from a fireplace insert
- Mixes hot air with ambient air in the home via a duct system
- Easy installation
- Two types: for 3–5 rooms and for 5–7 rooms
- Adjustable thermostat from 0 to +90°C

Operating Conditions

- Designed for indoor use at ambient temperatures from +5°C to +50°C
- For transporting clean air without dust, grease, chemical vapours, or other contaminants
- Must be protected from freezing and condensation buildup
- Suitable for longer duct systems with higher pressure losses
- Ideal for distributing warm air from a fireplace to multiple rooms in a house or apartment
- Automatically turns on at 40°C and off at 30°C
- Designed for air temperatures up to 100°C

Construction

- Housing made of galvanized steel sheet
- Terminal box with connection terminals (IP54 rated)
- Temperature sensor located under the fan wheel

Fan Wheel

The fan wheel is radial, made of galvanized sheet metal and is statically and dynamically balanced.

Motor

- Squirrel cage asynchronous motor.
- The outer rotor is mounted in grease-filled ball bearings for lifetime lubrication.
- Power supply 230 V/50 Hz

Installation

Easy installation in horizontal position

Noise

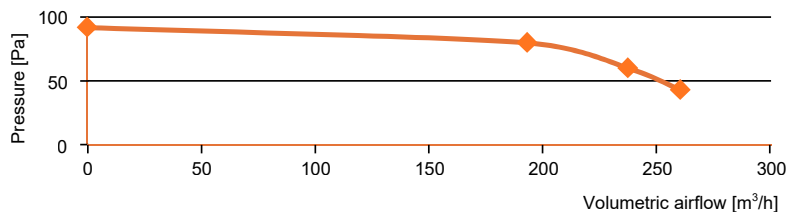
The noise level is measured at a distance of 3m from the fan inlet when the fan is fully operating.

Type	Dimensions [mm]				Weight [kg]
	A	B	C	D	
KV300	200	215	190	125	4
KV500	250	275	220	160	6

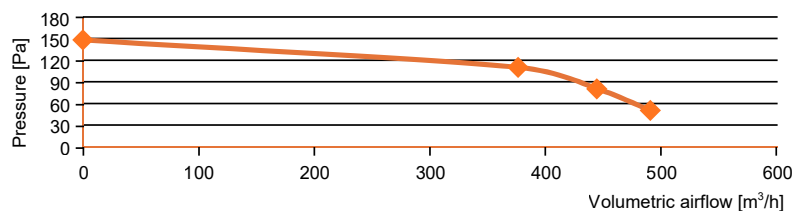
Type	Airflow [m³/h]	Power Supply [V/Hz]	Power [W]	Noise [dB(A)]	Max duct length [m]	Rooms	Multi Floor
KV300	50 - 70	230/50	43	38	25	3 - 5	Yes
KV500	50 - 70	230/50	77	39	35	5 - 7	Yes

- Average airflow depending on the number of outlets
- Sound pressure level at a distance of 3 m

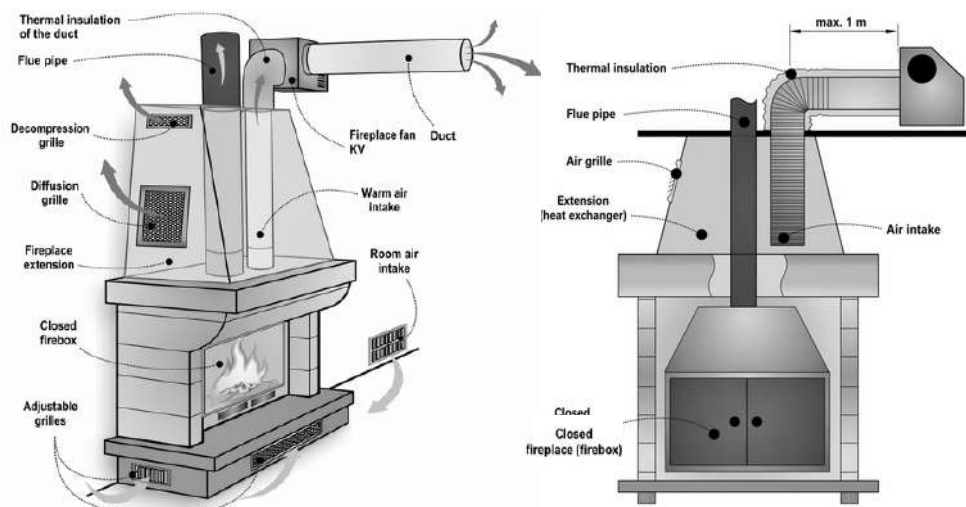
KV300 – AIR PERFORMANCE



KV500 – AIR PERFORMANCE



EXAMPLE OF INSTALLATION



FIREPLACE and FLUE SYSTEM INSTALLATION

AIR SUPPLY AND VENTILATION

Our products have very high output power and must be installed as per manufacturer instructions. Failing to provide air input around the base level of the fireplace and out air output on top will prevent our product to work efficiently, will damage the unit and will void the warranty.

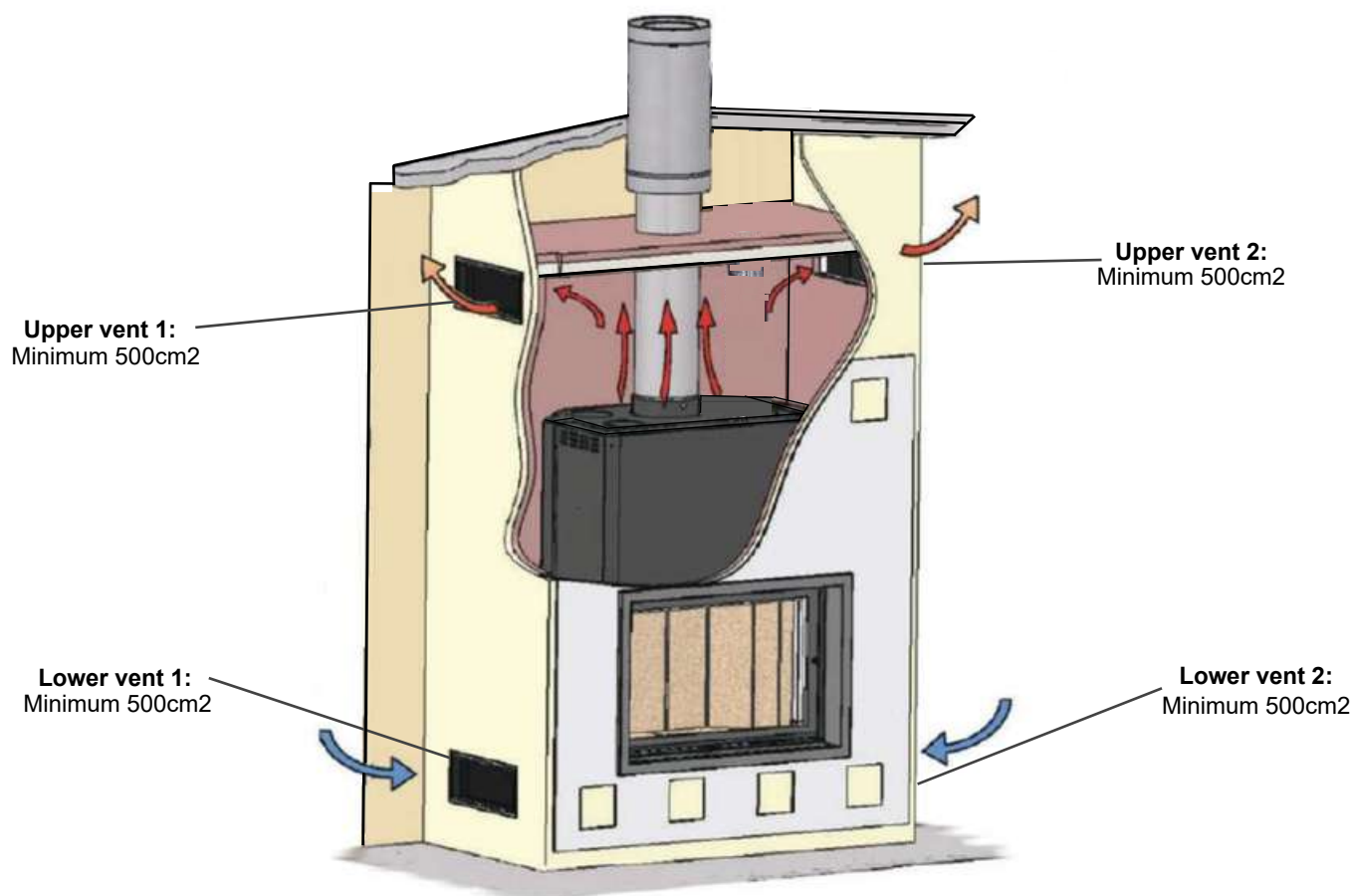
FRESH AIR SUPPLY (LOWER VENTS)

Fresh air supply at the base level on sides, front or underneath the unit pending on the installation and design of the fireplace surround.

Adequate intake of air is essential for good combustion. In an energy efficient house (eg. tight windows and doors), air intake may be compromised., However this can be aided with the installation of an external air supply. For large inbuilt units this air intake is necessary due to their high oxygen requirement. A minimum section for vents is **1000** cm² in 1 or more vents (Larger is recommended).

HOT AIR OUTLETS (UPPER VENTS)

Same size grate(s) or vent(s) should be used on top front or side of the fireplace structure **JUST BELOW** the internal deflector. Total minimum section for the vent(s) **1000** cm² in 1 or more vents.



ACCESS PANEL

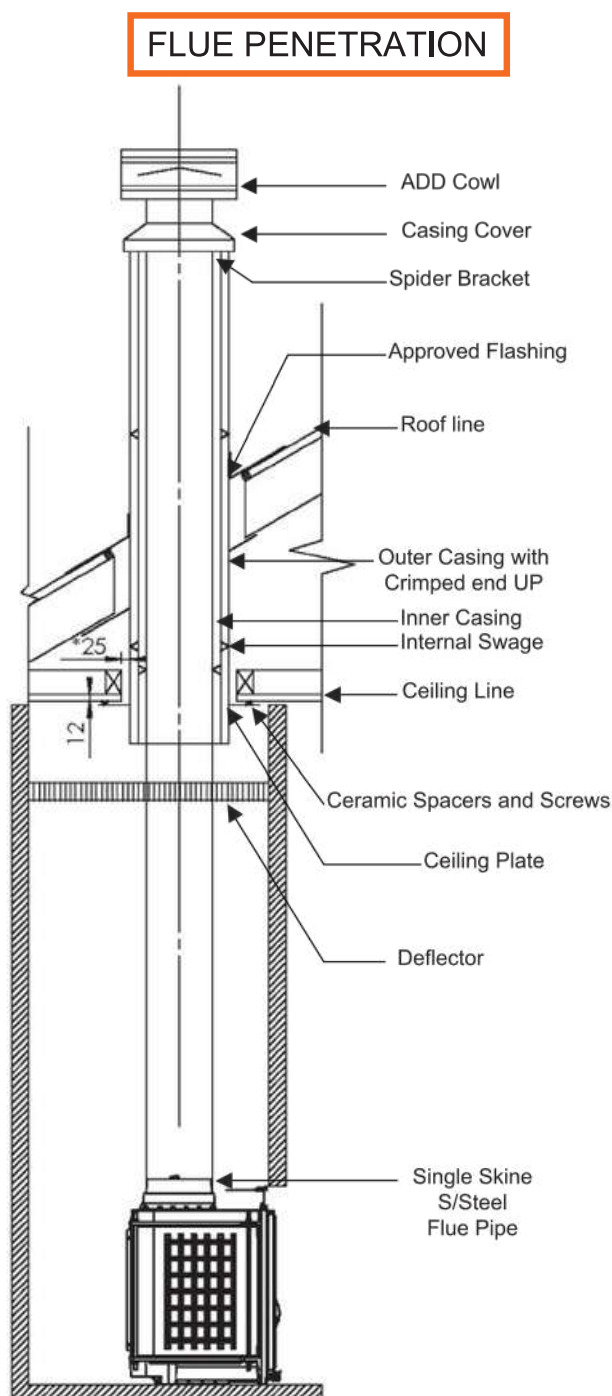
When possible it is recommended to install an access/service panel on side/ front or back of the fireplace structure to allow any maintenance inside the fireplace cavity or any work on the counter weight system.

FIREPLACE and FLUE SYSTEM INSTALLATION

FLUE SYSTEM INSTALLATION

Single skin flue in S/Steel (minimum 0.5 mm thickness) shall only be used when the fireplace and chimney structure continue above the roof. Crimped end down.

Triple skin flues (Modular air flow) shall be used when the fireplace structure terminates at ceiling level (read "Flue Penetration"). Crimped end up.



IMPORTANT

THIS DRAWING IS MEANT A GUIDE
HEATERS SHOULD BE INSTALLED BY A
QUALIFIED PERSON.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1 READ BROCHURE AND POSITION STOVE
- 2 MARK CIRCLE ON CEILING
- 3 CUT AWAY CEILING USING A SHARP KNIFE TO SCORE SURFACE FIRST THEN USE A KEYHOLE SAW OR JIG SAW TO FINISH OUT.
- 4 BEFORE CUTTING CEILING TRY TO DETERMINE POSITIONS OF NOGGINS TO AVOID CUTTING.
- 5 DRILL 3/16 HOLE IN SUPPORT ANGLES AND CEILING CAP. POSITION THE HOLE SO THAT THE CEILING CAP WILL PROTRUDE A MINIMUM OF 150 MM BELOW THE CEILING.
- 6 PLACE CEILING CAP UNIT IN CENTRE OF HOLE MAKING SURE IT IS 40 MM FROM COMBUSTIBLES AND FIX SUPPORT ANGLES TO NOGGIN WITH NAILS OR SCREWS.
- 7 ADD CEILING COLLAR (SPLIT RING) AGAINST CEILING CAP COLLAR IS USED FOR FLAT OR SLOPED. CEILING BY PULLING TIGHT AS POSSIBLE AND FIX WITH POP RIVET. TOP CEILING COLLAR 12 MM FROM CEILING LINE.
- 8 PLACE MID LOCATING RING INTO CEILING CAP.
- 9 FEED S/ST THROUGH LOCATING RING PLACE COVER CONE & COWL. FIX WITH POP RIVETS.

* Minimum Sizes

Minimum Flue Length: 4.0 Metres

FIREPLACE and FLUE SYSTEM INSTALLATION

FLUE PENETRATION

FLUE PENETRATION

AS/NZS 2918-2026

Un-tested flue with sloped ceiling penetration greater than 30° from horizontal.

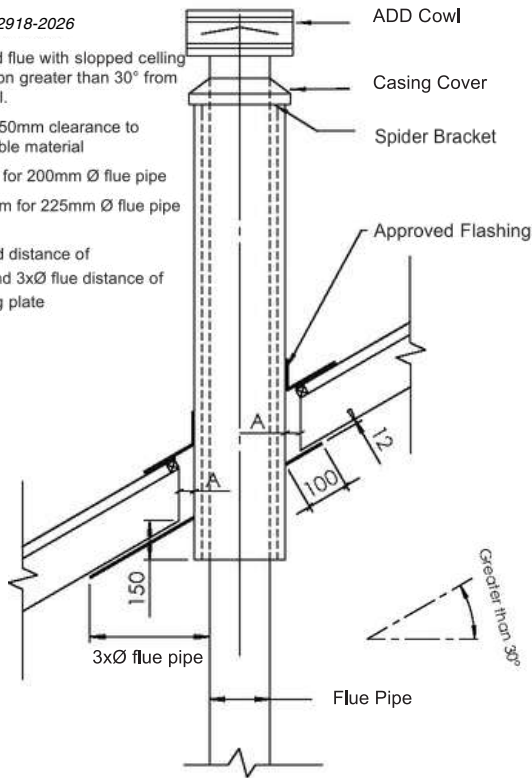
4.5.1(b)=50mm clearance to combustible material

A=50mm for 200mm Ø flue pipe

A=62.5mm for 225mm Ø flue pipe

4.6.3(b)

Downward distance of casing and 3xØ flue distance of the ceiling plate



AS/NZS 2918-2026

Un-tested flue with sloped ceiling penetration greater than 30° from horizontal.

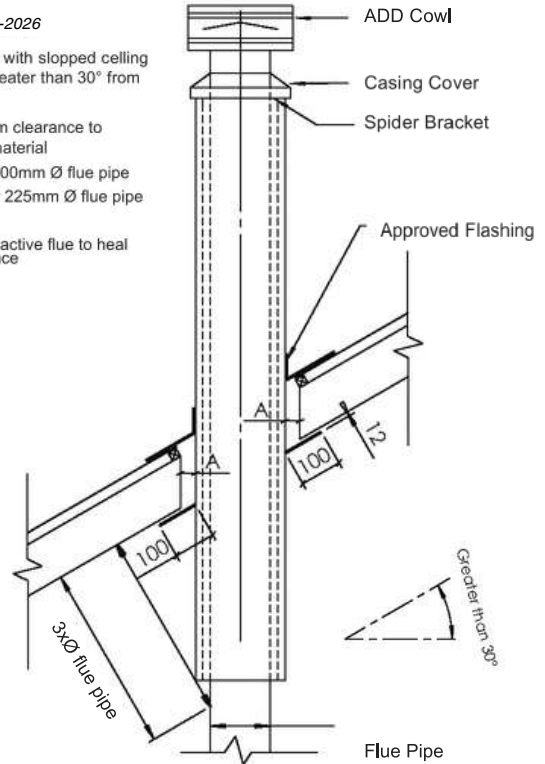
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A=50mm for 200mm Ø flue pipe

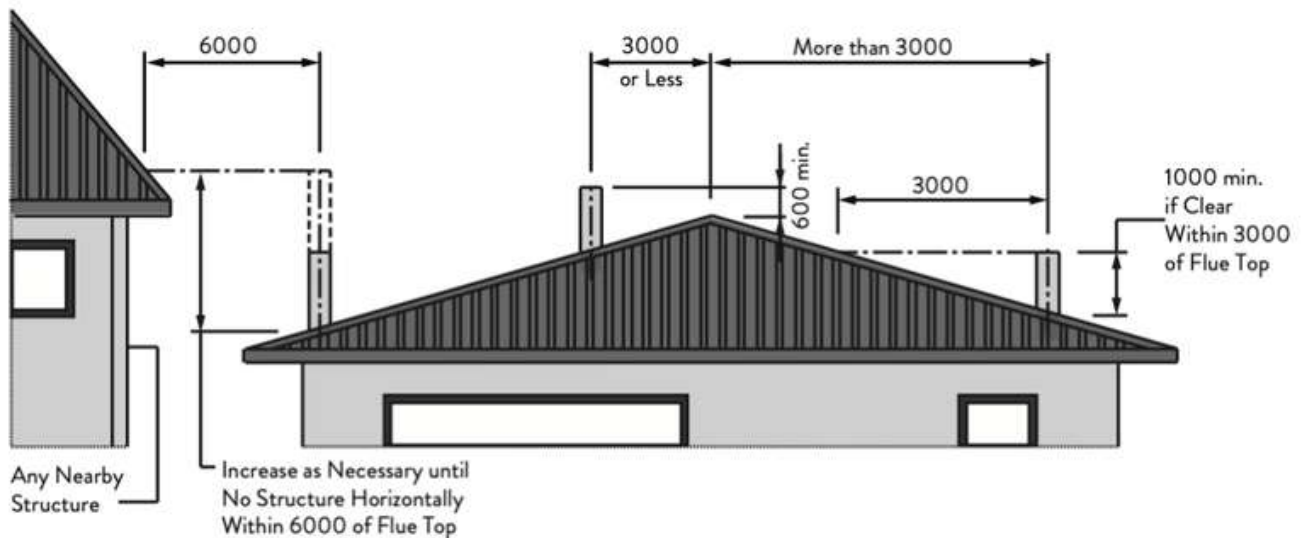
A=62.5mm for 225mm Ø flue pipe

4.6.3(b)

3xØ flue from active flue to heat sensitive surface



MINIMUM HEIGHT OF FLUE SYSTEM EXIT



OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

CHAZELLES INSERTS ARE DESIGNED TO OPERATE WITH HARDWOODS AT A MAXIMUM LENGTH OF 55CM 15% MAXIMUM HUMIDITY. OVERLOADING WILL DAMAGE THE FIREBOX AND VOID THE WARRANTY.

Use very dry wood (15% humidity maximum) with 2 years covered storage after cutting in order to obtain the best efficiency and avoid rapid stains on the window. We strongly advise you to comply with the product specifications in order to ensure a maximum lifespan.

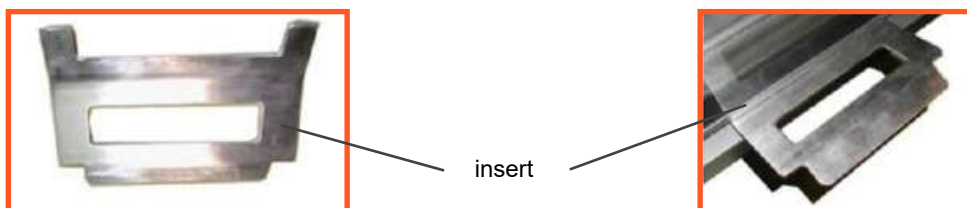
NOTE: Existing weather conditions may significantly influence the operation of the fireplace. Caution is recommended if there are high winds as too much up-draft may cause overheating. However, if weather is very foggy or low pressure, this can cause no up-draft - partial combustion, which may cause the escape of smoke and fumes into the room when fireplace door is opened.

The performance of your wood fire is governed to a very large part by the flue system. Too short a flue can cause difficult start-up, dirty glass, backsmoking when door is open, and even reduced heat output. Too tall a flue may prompt excessive draft which can result in very short burn times and excessive heat output which may damage the fireplace.

CONTROLS

Controls (depending on version of product)

Accessories are at your disposal - use them to avoid getting burnt!



The Cold hand: necessary for opening the door (dependent on model)

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

BEFORE USING YOUR CHAZELLES FIREPLACE

Although your fireplace may appear to have dried out, it is essential to wait 3 to 4 weeks after completing installation to ensure the moisture evaporates from all parts (connections, flue, stone covering, hood, etc) before lighting your first fire.

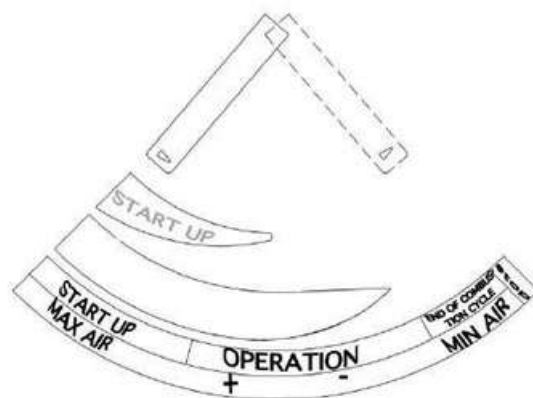
Once this has passed, it is recommended you lite your first fire with a moderate amount of wood and a reduce opening of the air intake to limit the intensity of the fire and for a maximum 3 hours. This will allow a progressive rise in temperature with the fireplace and other elements, to avoid rapid expansion of the materials and thermal shock. This is recommended for the first 10 fires to finalise the drying process.

During initial use, there may be an unpleasant smell from the unit, caused by surplus paint. Please ventilate the room as the smell will disappear after a few fires.

STARTING YOUR FIRE - (hardwood timber is only to be used)

1. Raise and open the door.
2. Open air inlet to maximum – pushed all the way to the **LEFT (max 30 Minutes in position 1).**

Position 1



3. Open draft damper (if applicable).
4. Place kindling on top of four pieces of hardwood.
5. Place firelighter near top of the stack.
6. Ignite the firelighter.

Once fire is lit, lower the door and leave it open approx. 20mm to accelerate the burning process for 10 minutes maximum or as needed.

Once the fire is well alight, open the door and add larger pieces of wood. Do not add too many pieces of wood as this will suffocate the fire. Observe the maximum loading charge for this appliance.

Use the air intake control and damper (if applicable) to achieve your desired power.

NOTE – if model is fitted with damper

if the fire place is being used with the door open, make sure the damper is fully open otherwise smoke will not go up flue system and room with be filled with smoke. A lever above the door works the damper.

If the fireplace door is closed and you wish to reload, it is important to fully open the damper then raise the door 20mm approx for a little while to allow the draught to get going in the fireplace and then slowly open the door fully. This will minimise smoke or ash particles entering the room.

To ensure maximum performance for your fireplace, it is always recommended to keep a close eye on it. It is strongly recommended refuelling be carried out several times rather than overloading the fireplace.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

CREOSOTE - FORMATION AND NEED FOR REMOVAL

When wood is burned slowly, it produces tar and other organic vapours, which combine with expelled moisture to form creosote. The creosote vapours condense in the relatively cool chimney flue of a slow-burning fire. As a result, creosote residue accumulates on the flue lining. When ignited, this creosote makes an extremely hot fire. The chimney and chimney connector should be inspected at least once every two months during the heating season to determine if a creosote buildup has occurred. If creosote has accumulated, it should be removed to reduce the risk of a chimney fire.



If you are not certain of creosote inspection, contact your local chimney sweeper for a full inspection. Excess creosote buildup may cause a chimney fire, that may result in property damage, injury, or death.



Operating this appliance continually at a low burn rate (air starvation) or using green (un-seasoned) wood will increase the formation of creosote.

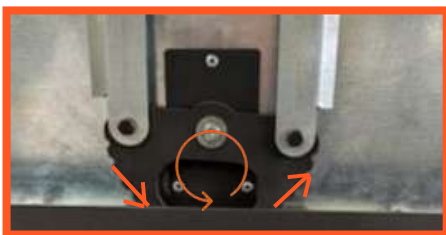
CONTROLLING YOUR FIRE

The desired heat output is obtained by working the controls and selecting a charge load in line with your needs

For maximum heating

Once fire is lit, load 3 logs with diameter 12cm and place Air intake to position 2 makes it possible to obtain efficient operation and clean combustion. We recommend that you keep this damper in this position to facilitate window sweeping. The greater closing action of this damper is only warranted if the draws are higher than recommended. In this case, this damper can be partially closed to obtain satisfactory operation.

Close Damper Control



Position 2

For lesser intense heating

Use a lesser load, 1 to 2 logs

For long period heating

Use Position 3 for continuous operation at low speed (not recommended for bad airflow). Use larger logs with ~15cm diameter. When burning quality firewood a thick bed of red hot coals will be left on the base of the fireplace. (typically after the third load cycle burns down)

Regulate the air control lever to the 80% shut position and leave it alone.

The coals will hold the heat for a long time and will reignite the next load after the the lever is moved to open position.



Position 3

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE: DO NOT OPERATE THE FIREPLACE **ALL THE TIME** WITH THE DOOR SLIGHTLY OPEN UP. WITH THE DOOR UP A FEW CENTIMETRES WILL HELP START THE FIRE MORE QUICKLY AND INCREASE THE COMBUSTION, BUT WILL DAMAGE THE CERAMIC ROPE AND DOOR FRAME BY OVER HEATING IF OPERATED THIS WAY ALL THE TIME.



Never use gasoline, gasoline-type lantern fuel, kerosene, charcoal lighter fluid, or similar liquids to start or "freshen up" a fire in this stove. Keep all such liquids well away from the stove while it is in use.



DO NOT USE CHEMICALS OR FLUIDS TO START THE FIRE. DO NOT BURN GARBAGE OR FLAMMABLE FLUIDS SUCH AS GASOLINE, NAPHTHA OR ENGINE OIL. Do not place such fuel within space heater installation clearances or with in the space required for charging and ash removal.



If using a firestarter, use only products specifically designed for stoves - follow the manufacturer's instructions carefully.



HOT WHILE IN OPERATION. KEEP CHILDREN, CLOTHING AND FURNITURE AWAY. CONTACT MAY CAUSE SKIN BURNS.

Starting a "Top-Down Fire"

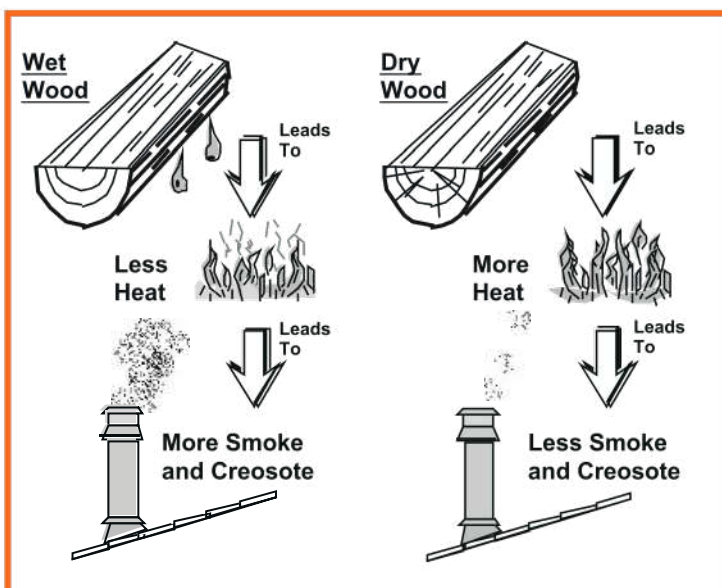
One particularly successful method for starting a fire is to stack several large pieces of wood in the centre of the fireplace (see the illustration to the right). Then place several wads of newspaper and firestarter in the centre with kindling on top. When you light the newspaper this "top-down" fire will burn its way to the centre, igniting the larger pieces. With some practice, this method should work for you.



HINTS FOR BURNING

- Get the appliance hot before adjusting to low burn.
- Use smaller pieces of wood during start-up and high burns to increase temperature.
- Use larger pieces of wood for overnight or sustained burns.
- Stack the wood tightly together to establish a longer burn.
- Be considerate of neighbours & the environment: burn dry wood only.

SELECTING WOOD



- Dry wood is the key.
- Dry wood burns hot, emits less smoke and creates less creosote.
- Testing wood moisture.
- Split wood stored in a dry area will be fully dry within a year. This ensures dry wood. If purchasing wood for immediate use, test the wood with a moisture meter. Some experienced wood burners can measure wood moisture by knocking pieces together and listening for a clear "knock" and not a "thud".

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The heat output from the Chazelles fireplace will depend on the type of timber being used and moisture content in the timber.

FOR YOUR REFERENCE

Optimal wood sizes and quantities:

- Log length = 30-50cm
- Log diameter = 10-20 cm
- Volume per single load = 2-5kg

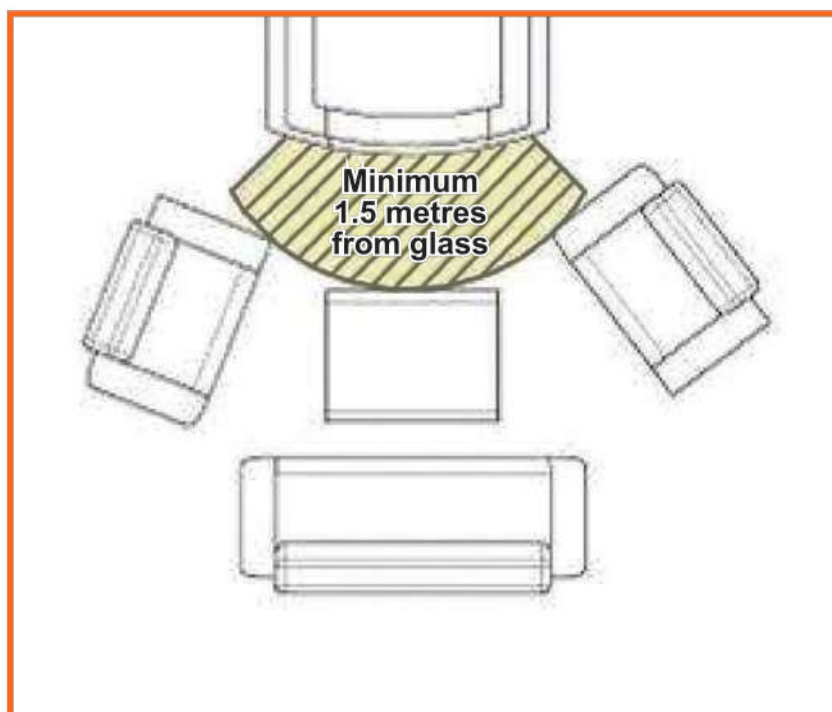
CAUTION: IN THE EVENT OF A CHIMNEY FIRE, CLOSE THE AIR INLETS, DOOR, AND WINDOWS AND CALL FIRE BRIGADE.

SAFETY RULES

General Points

1. Never try to put out a fire by throwing water on it.
2. The window and certain other parts of the appliance get very hot. "Watch out for risk of getting burnt - especially as far as children are concerned".

The fireplace radiates a lot of heat through the window glass. Do not place any heat sensitive materials or objects closer than 1.5 metres from glass.



MAINTENANCE

1. REMOVING THE ASHES

The air required for combustion of wood enters below the fireplace when the air inlet is open and also keeps the air grilles cool. In order to obtain optimal performance and avoid degradation of the grille due to overheating, it is essential to prevent its obstruction by regularly removing excessive ash deposits.

- Use the maneuvering devices at your disposal to carry out the ash removal.
- Empty the contents of the ashtray into a metal or non-flammable container reserved exclusively for this purpose. The ashes, apparently cold, can be very hot even after cooling for a while.



2. CLEANING THE WINDOW

- Burning unseasoned wood or lower burn rates leads to dirtier glass.
- Do not clean glass with abrasive cleaners, allow the fireplace to fully cool down before cleaning.
- Apply Chazelles Window Gel Cleaner to the inside of glass (Available from Sydney Head Office). Wipe with a paper towel and clean glass.



When the glass is cold, refractory glass can be cleaned by gently wiping with a cloth or paper if lightly stained. If the staining is deeper, we advise you to use the Chazelles glass cleaner.

MAINTENANCE

3. CLEANING OF FLUE

- mechanical cleaning of the flue is essential. It should be carried out at least twice a year by a professional, with at least one sweeping during the heating season.
- Thoroughly check the state of the appliance, elements ensuring air tightness in particular the joints and closing mechanisms, etc
- If there are any defects, the fire place must not be used until it has been rectified.

4. END OF SEASON CLEANING

- Clean the appliance with a brush and vacuum cleaner.
- During the warm season when fireplace is not being used, it is recommended the air inlets be left open to allow air circulation. Particularly with fireplaces which have not been used for a continuous period (eg holiday homes). Sporadic use perpetuates condensation which accelerates oxidation.
- Clean and lubricate all hinges, bearings and rails before winter season starts and when season ends.
- Check all hinge screws and bolts for tightness as they may become loose over time.

It is very important that the flue is swept and cleaned to reduce the risk of a chimney fire and to ensure the performance of the fireplace. This should be done at least twice a year, as soot can build up quickly. Cold climate and burning of green or wet timber, will increase soot buildup.

Remove the internal baffles / deflectors (where applicable) inside top of the firebox to allow the soot to fall down into the appliance (raise it, move it forward, lower it and take it out).

Clean the appliance with a brush and a vacuum cleaner. Re install the metal baffles.

NOTE. HOW TO OPEN THE DOOR FOR CLEANING AND ROPE ACCESS

When opening the door, if you do not turn from the bottom position or do not have the lever in the side position, the sliding mechanism or paint may be damaged.

1. Place the door in the lower position.
2. Set air control lever to position: MAX.
3. Turn two levers on both upper sides of the door to free the upper side using the tool seen below. Gently rotate the levers until they can't go further, which is about 40 degrees.
4. Tilt the top of the door away from the hearth.
5. Clean the glass as per section 2 above.
6. Close the door by pushing the top of the door towards the hearth with the levers in the open position
7. Secure the door by rotating the levers in the frame into the locked position.



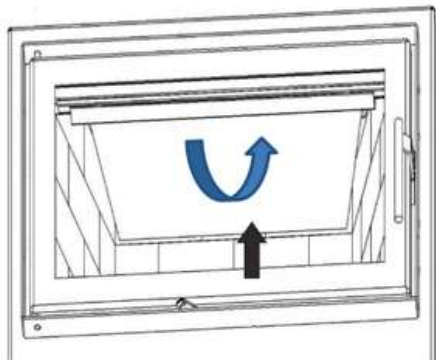
MAINTENANCE

CHIMNEY SWEEPING

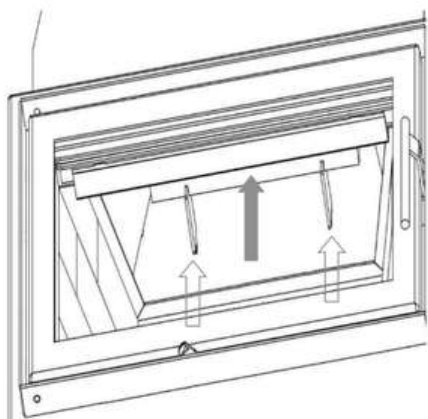
Mechanical sweeping of the flue is mandatory; it must be carried out at least twice a year, including at least once during the heating season.

A certificate must be provided by the contractor after the intervention.

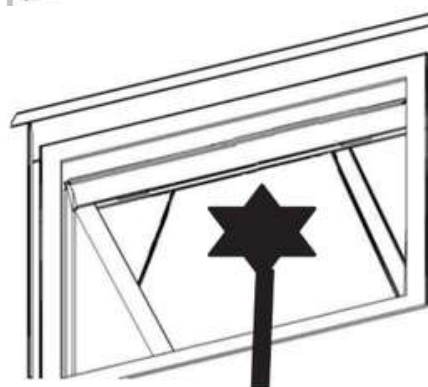
Please note, it is imperative to remove the deflector. Below are examples following model.



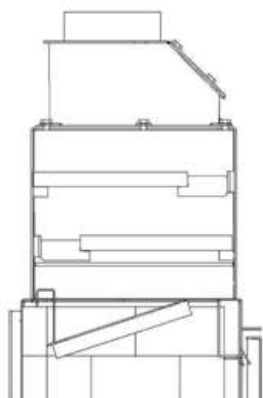
1. Lift the rear end of bottom deflector upwards.
2. Turn the deflector and bring it down. Remember the original position of the deflector or make a note of it.



3. Lift the second deflector, lift its hinges, slide the hinges away from the wall and remove them downwards.
4. Move the deflector to one side, tilt to one side and lower the deflector down.
5. Repeat this with the third deflector.



6. Clean the fireplace insert, smoke exhaust and chimney connection.



Reassembly of the deflector: act in the reverse order of dismantling). - Completely check the condition of the device and in particular the elements ensuring sealing: seals and locking devices, etc. - Clean the device with a brush and vacuum cleaner. In the event of an anomaly: have the device or installation repaired by a professional.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Problem	Possible Cause
Not Enough Heat	● Firewood is too moist: (not seasoned enough hardwood firewood needs to be less than 20% in moisture content. ideally under 15%. Australian hardwood will take approximately 18 months to dry. Firewood with a moisture content of above 25% lowers the temperatures in the firebox dramatically. ● Firewood too large: larger pieces need more primary air (air through the bottom grate). ● Air gaps under doors: make sure the heater does not draw cold air from gaps under outside doors. ● Ceiling Vents: warm air must not be allowed to escape into open ceiling vents. ● Incorrect flue draw: make sure the flue draw is not obstructed. This may happen through build up of ash at the flue entry inside the firebox. Alternatively a bird may be caught inside the flue, or the flue is not long enough.
Firewood Burning Out Too Quickly	● Too much primary air. ● Low quality firewood. ● Excessive draft in the flue system. ● Door seals not sealing.
Distortion In Firebox Grate or Grille / Door	● Not emptying the ash pan regularly: will result in no airflow around the grate and therefore a build up of intense heat around the cast iron grate resulting in distortion. ● Overheating or overloading.
Too Much Flaky Ash	● Too much primary air. ● Low quality firewood. ● Firewood moisture content too high. ● Overloading. ● Incorrect installation. ● Not emptying the ash pan regularly: will result in incorrect airflow and therefore incorrect burning.
Smokiness Inside The House	● Incorrect draw. ● Unseasoned timber. ● Leak in the flue. ● Incorrect installation. ● Fire not hot enough.
Paint Smell	● There may be a paint smell for the first few operations as the paint on the heater cures: please keep the house well ventilated during that time.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Problem	Possible Cause
Rust Inside The Firebox	● Burning green firewood. ● Overloading. ● Moisture able to enter through flue. ● Burning treated timber. ● PLEASE NOTE that some rust occurring in the firebox is unavoidable and will not cause any damage to the heater.
Ceiling Discolourisation	● Low oxygen levels in the house. ● Incorrect draw. ● Incorrect burning. ● Leak in the flue. ● Incorrect installation.
Smoke Enters Room During Start-Up	● Open the bypass. ● Open the air control. ● Cold Air Blockage - burn a piece of newspaper to establish a draft. ● If the flame is not getting enough air, a small crack in the door is all that is needed.
Kindling Does Not Start - Fire Smolders	● Open the bypass. ● Open the air control. ● Not enough starter paper - use additional newspaper if necessary. ● If the flame is not getting enough air, a small crack in the door is all that is needed.
Smoke Enters Room While Re-Loading	● Open deflector before opening the door. ● Open the air control before opening the door. ● Let the air stabilize before fully opening the door. Open the door approximately 1 inch. Let air go into the firebox for approximately 10 seconds. Once the smoke appears to be flowing up the chimney consistently, open the door. ● Insufficient Draft - Chimney height and outside conditions can negatively affect draft. In these cases a small amount of smoke may enter the home. Adding more pipe or a draft-inducing cap may help. ● Leak in the flue. ● Incorrect installation.
Fireplace Does Not Burn Hot Enough	● Wood is Wet - see the section "Selecting Wood" on page 15 for details on wood. ● Make sure the air control is all the way open. Slide the control back and forth to insure the control is not stuck. ● Insufficient Draft - Chimney height and outside conditions can negatively affect draft. Adding more pipe or a draft-inducing cap may help. ● Air gaps under doors.

CHAZELLES WARRANTY POLICY

Congratulations on purchasing a Chazelles fireplace.

The Chazelles Warranty Policy set out in this document is provided to the person who purchased the Chazelles product from an authorised Chazelles reseller. The Chazelles warranties are not transferable and only applies to the original owner/purchaser.

Please ensure to keep your original purchase invoice.

The warranty is applied from the original date of purchase. This product must be subjected to normal use and is designed to burn Hardwood only with a maximum loading charge defined for each model.

PERIOD OF COVER

1. 5 years limited warranty on the firebox.
2. 1 year limited warranty on cast grates, door hinges, fireplace bricks, vermiculite bricks, steel plates, baffle plates, ash pan, ceramic seals, all electrical components, control units, hot air ducting fan.

Please note the following warranty conditions:

- The fireplace has been operated and maintained in accordance with the operating instructions provided.
- The fireplace has been installed and connected in accordance with all applicable Australian standards, building codes and manufacturers recommendations. (refer to installation manual)
- Has not sustained damaged due to intentional force or overheating.
- Has not been modified, repaired and/or incompetent handling.
- The product was fitted by a qualified installer and displays no signs of overheating, incorrect storage, mechanical strain, or other usage not specified by the manufacturer.

WARRANTY EXCLUSIONS

- Any costs incurred for travelling expenses, removing, dismantling or reinstalling any fireboxes or ducting fan units.
- Freight and packaging costs to send product to and from Chazelles Australia are not covered as well as the non-use of the appliance.
- Vermiculite, fire bricks, deflector, grate, ash pan, door, frame and firebox warpage or cracks due to overheating.
- Glass breakage.
- Rust evident due to green firewood/high moisture content timber used (green firewood will result in excess rust build due to moisture and acid attacking the metal, especially when the air vents are continually shut).
- Any damage caused by overcharging, air supply altered or not recommended fuel types are used.
- Product purchased from an unauthorised Chazelles reseller, including online trading companies or individuals.
- Any damage that has occurred due to an incorrect installation.
- Failure and damage due to fair wear and tear incurred on the product during the course of normal use.

CHAZELLES WARRANTY POLICY

For the purpose of the 5 years limited warranty, fair wear and tear is defined as degradation consistent with that expected for a product of its age, when used in a regular manner and in the normal application the product was designed for.

The product must be subjected to normal use. The product is designed to burn **HARDWOOD ONLY** with a maximum load charge defined for each model.

Warranty will be voided if defect occurs due to operation under extreme conditions, incorrect usage or incorrect installation causing damage.

In order to maintain your warranty, please avoid overcharging your fireplace which will produce excessive temperatures and result in damage. This can be identified by:

- Firebox distortion/cracks.
- Fireplace door damage.
- Buckling/distortion of grille, safety bars, baffle, grate or ash pan.
- Change of colour of the heating surface.
- Discolouration of the door glass.

Only spare parts approved by Chazelles Australia may be used.

WARRANTY CLAIMS

For any warranty claims or concerns, please contact the place of purchase or Chazelles Australia on (02) 9550 6290.

For all claims, photos of the installed fireplace, measurements and fireplace serial number must be sent with the proof of purchase invoice. Product will/may need to be returned to Chazelles Australia for assessment of all claims.

If a claim is to be made under Chazelles Australia warranty, Chazelles Australia may at its own discretion only, opt to replace the product (either with the same or similar product up to the same purchase value as the original product) or repair as required.

Chazelles Australia reserves the right to review and amend its warranty policies and periods on all products, repairs, service parts and accessories from time to time as Chazelles Australia considers appropriate.



Chazelles Fireplaces is a proud member of the Australian Home Heating Association, and as such abide by their standards. If further information is required, as well as tips for running your fireplace efficiently, we recommend visiting their website at:
www.homeheat.com.au



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